Year 3 Parakeets Geography Spring 2

South-West England



Key manmade features





Stonehenge

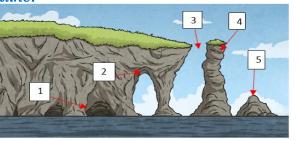
Glastonbury Tor

The Eden Project

| Key Vocabulary | Definition |
|-----------------|--|
| Agriculture | The science of farming, includes growing crops and rearing animals. |
| Arable | Growing crops for farming. |
| City | A place where many people live closely together. |
| Coastal erosion | The process of the coastline being worn away by destructive waves |
| Coastline | The line of the coast where the land meets the sea. |
| Country | A land that is controlled by a single government. |
| County | Areas that have their own councils who make decisions about local issues. |
| Gulf stream | A current of warm water that moves across the Atlantic Ocean before reaching the South West of England |
| Jurassic | A period of time in History when dinosaurs ruled the land. |
| Moor | A large area of land where crops are grown, often covered in Heather. |
| Pastoral | Raising animals for farming. |
| Pre-historic | Refers to times before written history. |
| Region | An area of land that has common features. |
| Tourism | When people travel to an area for a holiday. |

How does erosion change the coastline?

- 1: Caves can form where there is a weakness or crack in the rock.
- 2: Erosion may cause the cave to extend through the headland to form an arch
- 3: Over time, the archway may collapse.
- 4: A stack is left.
- 5: This further erodes to leave a stump.



Key physical features







Durdle Dorcoastal erosion.

Lyme Regis The Jurassic Coast

Cape Cornwall
Bays and rugged cliffs

Map showing counties of the South-West region of England with key features and tourist areas of interest.

