

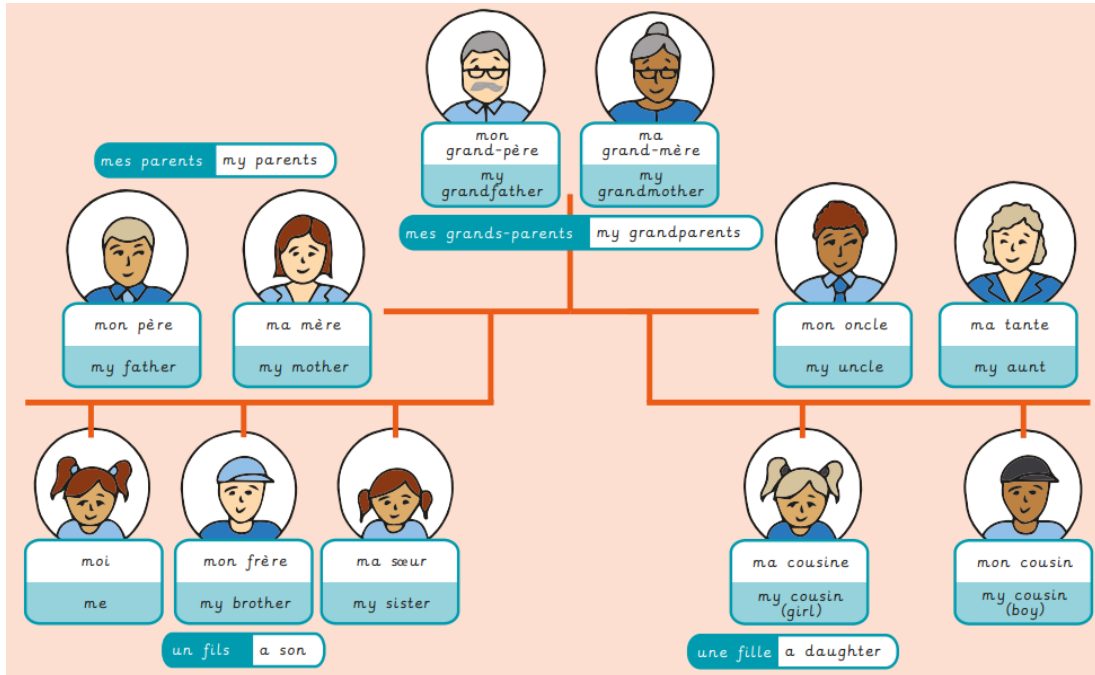
Year 5 Finches

French

Summer 2

Meet My Family

Family Members



Possessive pronouns (my)

Getting possessive

In French there are three different words which mean my:

As friend in French, ami, begins with a vowel, we use the noun ending to indicate gender:

In French we don't say 'My Mum's dad' - instead we say:

mon	before a masculine noun (or any noun beginning with a vowel or 'h')	Mon ami	my (male) friend	Le père de ma mère
ma	before a feminine noun	Mon amie	my (female) friend	the father of my mother
mes	before any plural noun			my mother's father

Starting conversations

Mon frère s'appelle Paul

Ma sœur a dix-sept ans. Son anniversaire, c'est le trois juillet

Mon oncle a les cheveux noirs et les yeux verts

Mes grands-parents aiment les pommes

My brother is called Paul

My sister is seventeen years old. Her birthday is the third of July

My uncle has black hair and green eyes

My grandparents like apples

Je n'ai pas de frère ou de sœur

J'ai une sœur mais je n'ai pas de frère

Je suis fils/fille unique

I haven't got a brother or a sister

I have a sister but I don't have a brother

I am an only child (boy/girl)

Other phrases

J'ai un frère	I have a brother
J'ai une sœur	I have a sister
J'ai deux frères / sœurs	I have two brothers/sisters
J'ai un frère et une sœur	I have a brother and a sister
Je n'ai pas de frère / sœur	I haven't got a brother/sister

Did you notice a new character in the French word for sister, **sœur**?

The presentation of the 'o' and 'e', partly merged together is called a typographic ligature (or 'e dans l'o'). It tells us that the 'o' and the 'e' are not pronounced separately, but make a single sound.